APPLICATION FOR NAME CHANGE AND OTHER RELIEF INSTRUCTIONS

Who may apply?

To apply for a name change, each applicant must:

- have lived in the State of Minnesota for at least six months;
- file the Application for Name Change in the county in which you presently live;
- be at least 18 years of age (a parent, legal guardian or next of kin may file on behalf of a minor); and
- pay the civil filing fee and certified copy fee (if you are unable to pay the filing fee you can ask court administration for forms to see if you qualify for a fee waiver, also called in forma pauperis or IFP).

NOTE: If the sole person whose name is to be changed is under 18 years old, please see the instructions in the Minor Name Change materials.

How do I apply?

- 1. Obtain the following forms from the Court Administrator's office:
 - a. Application for Name Change (NAM102)
 - b. Criminal History Check Release (NAM103)
 - c. Proposed Order Granting Name Change (NAM107) Complete only the portions of the order above the "IT IS ORDERED" section. Do not fill in any information below "IT IS ORDERED."
- 2. Complete the application and criminal history forms. The forms should be typed or legibly written using black ink. Be sure the "changed to" name(s) appear <u>exactly</u> as you want the names to be after the judge signs the final order. The case caption should include the name of each person applying for a name change.
- 3. Do not proceed if the application is not made in good faith or there is any intent to defraud or mislead anyone by the change of name.
- 4. Indicate the name and date of birth of your spouse, (if there is a spouse), even if your spouse is not having his/her name changed.
- 5. Indicate any minor children and their dates of birth, (if there are any children), even if the children are not having their names changed.
- 6. List all legal descriptions of property if you, your spouse, or minor children have a claim, interest or lien on any property. You must show who has interest and the nature of the interest in the property. You may need to attach a separate piece of paper to the application with this information on it. *Example of Legal Description: Lot 1, Block 4, Hamden Edition, Hennepin County, Minnesota.* You can get a copy of the legal description from the Deed, Contract for Deed or Certificate of Title at the office of the County Recorder or Registrar of Titles in the county where the property is located. **Do not use property descriptions found on tax statements**.
- 7. The application must be signed under penalty of perjury and it requires you to sign in two places on the application form. By signing the application under penalty of perjury, you are stating that the information in the document is true to the best of your knowledge. Perjury is the crime of intentionally lying or misrepresenting the truth, punishable by jail or other sanctions.
 - ➤ If your spouse is included in the application, both you and your spouse must also sign the application under penalty of perjury.
 - ➤ If any minors (14 years and older) are included on the application, the minor needs to sign the application. Minors under 14 years of age do not need to sign the application.
- 8. After you have completed the forms, bring or mail the completed application to the district court in your county, along with the applicable filing fee. Contact information and filing fee information can be found on the court website at www.mncourts.gov under District Courts. The filing fee is non-refundable.

NAM101 State ENG Rev 07/15 www.mncourts.gov/forms Page 1 of 4

Helpful materials may be found at your public county law library. For a directory, see http://www.lawlibrary.state.mn.us/cllppubdir.rtf. For more information, contact your court administrator or call the Minnesota State Law Library at 651-296-2775.

If you have any difficulty filling out the forms, you should consult an attorney.

Hearing:

- 1. The Court Administrator's office will provide you with a hearing date and time.
- 2. All minors seeking to have their name changed must be present at the court hearing.
- 3. Two witnesses that know you must appear with you in court and testify as to your identity.
- 4. If your application is approved at the time of the hearing, the judge will sign the Order Granting Name Change.
- 5. After the Order is signed, you can obtain certified copies of the Order from the Court Administrator's office for a fee of \$16 each (\$14 for the certified copy plus \$2 technology fee). Certified copies of this order will be needed to change your personal records (see the document entitled Notice to Persons Who Have Had Their Name Changed for more information).

PARENTAL NOTICE OF NAME CHANGE OF A MINOR: Minnesota Statute §259.10 states that no minor child's name may be changed without both parents having notice of the pending application of change of name. The applicant must show proof that the non-applicant parent(s) has received notification of the Application for Name Change of a Minor.

- If the non-applicant parent is not listed on the birth certificate and there is no order assigning parenthood, bring a certified copy of the birth certificate to the court hearing to show the judge that the non-applicant parent's name does not appear on the birth certificate.
- If the address of the non-applicant parent is known, you will have to show proof that the non-applicant parent has received notification of the Application for Name Change of a Minor. Counties differ on the type of proof required. Contact your county court administration office and ask if they require certified mail or personal service for minor name change cases.
- If your county court staff informs you certified mail is required, once you have a hearing date, then send a certified letter (return receipt requested) to the parent indicating the date, time, place, and purpose of the hearing. You should bring the return receipt card to the court hearing with a copy of the letter as proof to the judge that the non-applicant parent received notice of the name change proceedings.
- If your county court staff tells you personal service is required, then read the Instructions for Personal Service – Minor Name Change and complete the Affidavit of Personal Service. Both of these documents are available at www.mncourts.gov/forms. You should bring the Affidavit of Personal Service with you to the court hearing as proof to the judge that the non-applicant parent was personally serviced with notice of the name change proceedings.
- If you do not know the address of the non-applicant parent(s), you should bring to court a signed Affidavit in Support of Order for Publication (this affidavit and instructions are available with the Minor Name Change forms at www.mncourts.gov/forms. If so ordered by a judge, you may be required to give service by alternative means or to publish a Notice of Hearing by Publication (Minor Name Change) in a designated newspaper at your own expense. It is the applicant's responsibility to arrange publication and file the Affidavit of Publication with the Court

NAM101 State ENG Rev 07/15 www.mncourts.gov/forms Page 2 of 4

Administrator's office prior to the scheduled hearing date. See Instructions for Publishing Notice for Name Change of a Minor for more detailed information on this process.

Birth Records:

If the information on a birth record is wrong because a mistake was made when the birth record was created, mistakes may be corrected through your local County Vital Statistics office or the Minnesota Department of Health. Procedures to amend the birth record can be found on the Minnesota Department of Health web site at **www.health.state.mn.us/divs/chs/osr/amend.html** or by calling the Minnesota Department of Health at 651-201-5000. Please refer to Minnesota State Agency Rules 4601.1000 and 4601.1100 for further information.

You should consult an attorney for further information on when changing a birth record is appropriate and what information you should include in your Application for Name Change and Other Relief. You may specifically ask the judge on your Application for Name Change and Other Relief to order the birth record changed. You must check the appropriate boxes on the Application for Name Change and Other Relief to request any other changes to your birth record and to explain why changing your birth record to reflect the legal name change or other information is appropriate. If a judge determines a change on your birth record is warranted the judge will include that provision in the final name change order that will direct the Department of Health to amend and/or replace a birth record. If the request to amend a birth record is for a minor child, the Court must find that a change of a minor child's name is in the best interests of the child.

If you previously were granted a name change in Minnesota and you only want to request replacement of your birth record, and you still live in the county where your name change matter was heard, you may use your existing name change court file. You will need to complete the Motion to Replace Birth Record (court form NAM113) and Order Granting Replacement Birth Record (court form NAM114). Use the same court file number that appears on your Order Granting Name Change. You must pay the motion fee. However, if you no longer live in the same county where the name change matter was heard, or this is your initial request to change your name, you must use the Application for Name Change and Other Relief (court form NAM102) and Order Granting Name Change and Other Relief (court form NAM107) and must pay the initial filing fee.

Criminal History Check:

Minn. Stat. § 259.11 requires the Court to determine whether any person seeking to have their name changed has a criminal history in Minnesota or any other state. The court may conduct a search of national records through the Federal Bureau of Investigation by submitting a set of fingerprints and the required fee to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. To comply, you must complete a Criminal History Check Release form for each party age 10 and over covered by the application. A criminal history check will be made on all persons age 10 and over listed on the application. If any applicant has a criminal history, both the person whose name is changed and the Court shall report the change within 10 days of receiving a copy of the order by mailing a copy of the order granting the name change to:

Attention: CRIS Section Bureau of Criminal Apprehension 1430 Maryland Avenue East St. Paul, MN 55106

Application for Change of Name by a Person Convicted of a Felony:

An applicant with a felony conviction under Minnesota law or the law of another state or federal jurisdiction shall serve notice regarding their application for name change on the prosecuting authority

NAM101 State ENG Rev 07/15 www.mncourts.gov/forms Page 3 of 4

that obtained the conviction. If the conviction is from another state or federal jurisdiction, notice must also be served on the Minnesota Attorney General at 1400 Bremer Tower, 445 Minnesota Street, St. Paul, MN 55101. Proof of service shall be filed with the court as part of the name change request. The prosecuting authority has 30 days to object to the name change application.

What happens if the prosecutor or attorney general objects? The person asking for the name change can contest the objection by filing a motion with the court. The law requires the Judge to deny the name change request, unless the person asking for the name change can prove by clear and convincing evidence that the request is not based upon an intent to defraud or mislead, is made in good faith, will not cause injury to a person, and will not compromise public safety; or, that failure to allow the name change would infringe on a constitutional right of the person asking for the name change. Read Minnesota Statutes Section 259.13, Subds.1-6 to see all the requirements in the law. The court does not have forms or instructions for a motion to contest the objection. You should seek help from a lawyer if you want to contest the objection of the prosecutor or attorney general.

Request for Name Change by an Inmate:

An inmate confined in a correctional facility may request a name change only once, unless the failure to allow the name change would infringe on a constitutional right of an inmate. Inmates must fill out an additional affidavit entitled **Inmate Affidavit for Name Change** (NAM105).

NAM101 State ENG Rev 07/15 www.mncourts.gov/forms Page 4 of 4